

Institute of Farm Economics

Material flow in the German biofuel sector, 2007

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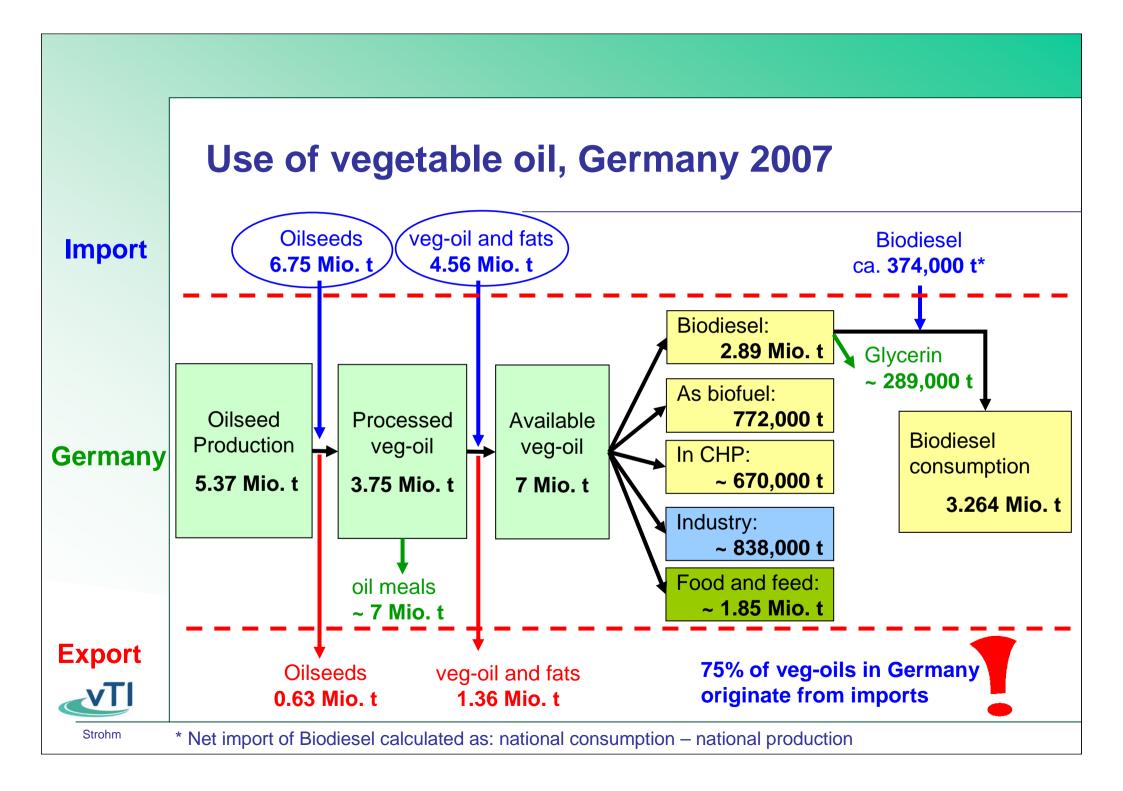




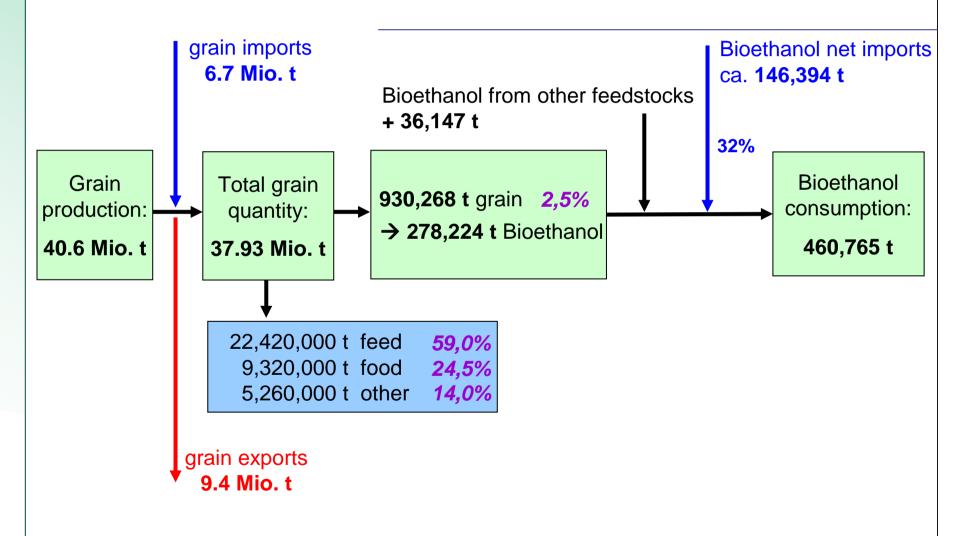
Background

- Study on behalf of BMELV
- Conducted Feb April 2009
- Data sources:
 - Various official statistics of ministries and state agencies
 - Data of biofuel associations
 - Few estimations where data gaps



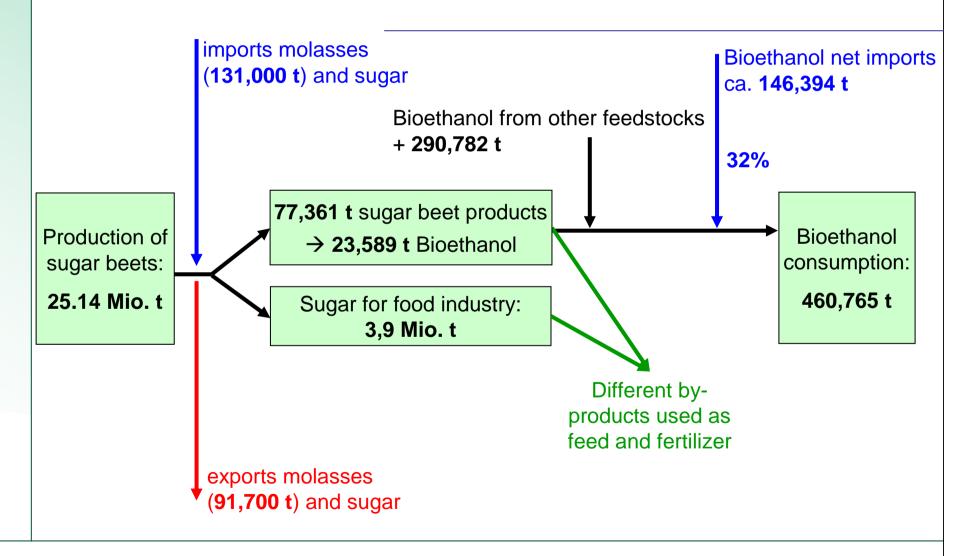


Bioethanol from grain, Germany 2007



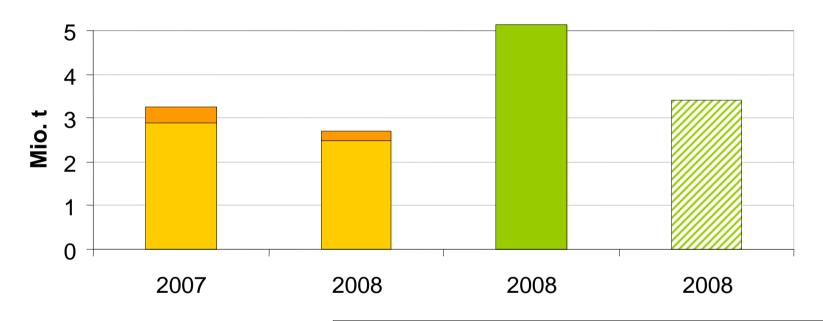


Bioethanol from sugar beets, Germany 2007





Biodiesel overview Germany 2007 - 2008

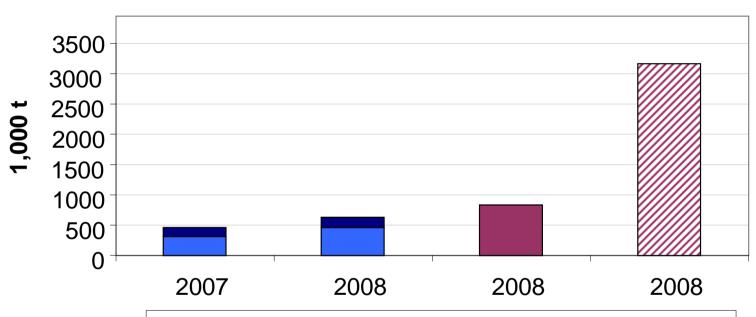


In the long run: Biodiesel: 2 – 3,5 Mio. t

- Production in DE
- Net Imports (estimate)
- Production capacity in DE
- ~ 10% of DE 2008 diesel consumption (energetic)



Bioethanol overview Germany 2007 - 2008

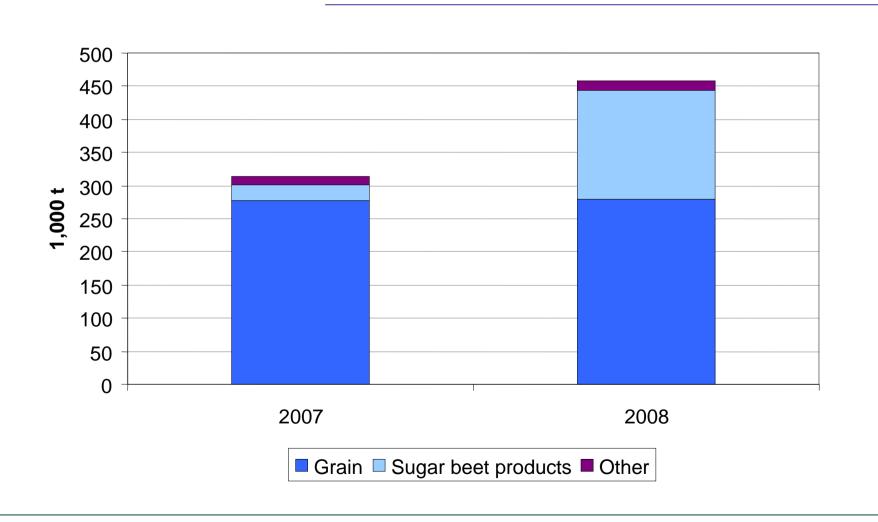


In the long run Bioethanol: 1,5 - 2,5 Mio. t

- □ ~ 10% of DE 2008 gasoline consumption (energetic)
- Production capacity in DE
- Net Imports (estimate)
- Production in DE



Feedstock for Ethanol production in Germany





Sustainably produced biofuels – needed in 2010

Ministry of Finance and Environment estimate...

- ca. 948,000 t Bioethanol
- ca. 3 Mio t Biodiesel / vegetable oil

...to be needed to fulfill biofuels quota (combined: 6,25%) in 2010.



EU Directive 2009/30/EC – fuel quality

- Member states have to request suppliers of transport fuel to gradually reduce their life cycle green house gas emissions by a minimum of 6% until 31.12.2020
 - reference = EU average of fossil fuels in 2010
 - 2% by 31.12.2014
 - 4% by 31.12.2017
 - Needs to be translated into national law by 31.12.2010

If possible and after investigation, further

- 2% reduction via the use of CCS and electric vehicles and
- 2% reduction via the measures of the Kyoto protocol



Possibilities to fulfill the fuel quality directive

- 1. Improve efficiency of fossil fuel exploration
- 2. Improve conversion process (refinery efficiency)
- 3. Use of biofuels
- 4. Use of alternative fuels (electricity, CNG+Biomethan etc.)
- → Options 1 and 2 have only very little impact
- → Biofuels will play major role to fulfill requirements
 - → biofuels with larger GHG saving potential will gain in importance



Coalition agreement – German government October 2009

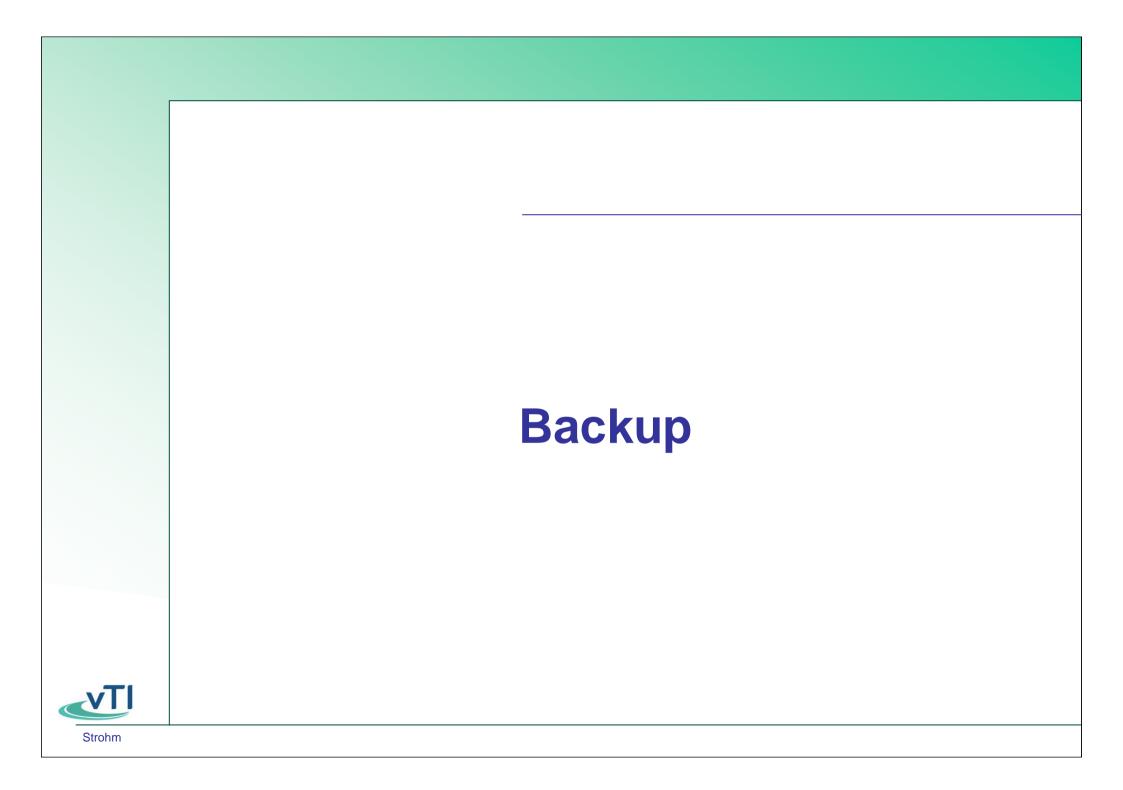
Latest by 2013 the extent of tax reductions for biofuels shall be designed according to their CO₂ reduction potential.



Conclusions

- So far, German Ethanol market much smaller than Biodiesel market but potential for growth, especially once E10 will be introduced
- Imports play already a significant role for Germany's supply with vegetable oils and biofuels
 - → in future likely to increase





Calculation of 10% biofuels share in 2008

Biodiesel:

 $31,075,000^{1} \times 10\% \times 1/0,91^{2}$

¹ Consumption of diesel and biodiesel in DE in 2008

² 0,91 = diesel equivalent

Ethanol:

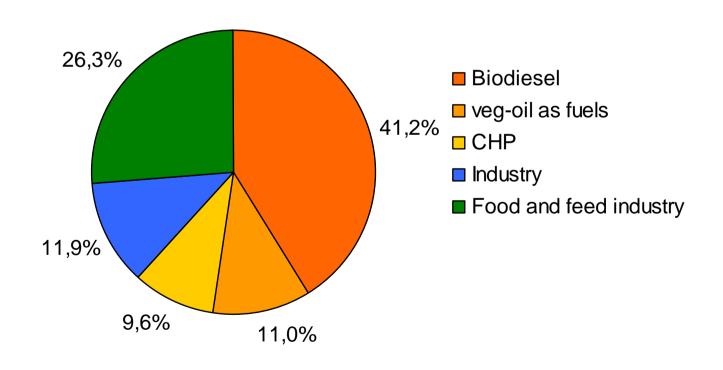
 $20,569,000^{1} \times 10\% \times 1/0,65^{2}$

¹ Consumption of gasoline and ethanol in DE in 2008

² 0,65 = gasoline equivalent

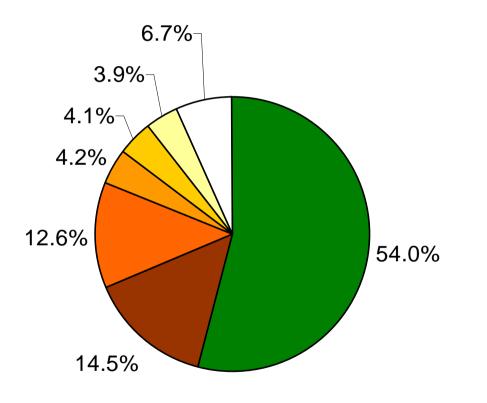


Use of vegetable oil, Germany 2007





Type and source of veg-oils, Germany 2007



- Production of veg-oil in DE
- Import palm-oil
- Import rapeseed-oil
- Import copra
- Import palm kernel oil
- ☐ Import soy-oil
- ☐ Import other oils



Use of selected vegetable oils, Germany 2007

